EXHIBIT A



Notice of Service of Process

null / ALL Transmittal Number: 20939428 **Date Processed: 01/08/2020**

Primary Contact: Ms. Lynn Radliff

Amazon.Com, Inc. 440 Terry Ave N

Seattle, WA 98109-5210

Electronic copy provided to: Rochelle Lewis

> Scotty Bauder Kaitlyn Bunker Rebecca Hartley Kimberly Thomás Lizette Fernandez Theresa Nixon Karen Curtis

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Entity: Amazon Web Services, Inc.

Entity ID Number 2684737

Entity Served: Amazon Web Services, Inc.

Title of Action: Martin Ragsdale vs. Amazon Web Services, Inc.

Matter Name/ID: Martin Ragsdale vs. Amazon Web Services, Inc. (9915838)

Document(s) Type: Summons/Complaint

Nature of Action: Class Action

Court/Agency: Cook County Circuit Court, IL

Case/Reference No: 2019CH13251 **Jurisdiction Served:** Delaware **Date Served on CSC:** 01/08/2020 **Answer or Appearance Due:** 30 Days **Originally Served On:** CSC

How Served: Personal Service Sender Information: Jad Sheikali

312-893-7002

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Case: 1:20-cv-00560 Document #: 1-1 Filed: 01/24/20 Page 3 of 14 PageID #:10 Return Date: No return date scheduled Hearing Date: 3/16/2020 9:30 AM - 9:30 AM Courtroom Number: 2308 FILED 2221 - Not Served Locati222BistNet Scrued 1/7/2020 3:25 PM 2320belSCoundyBly Mail 2321 - Served By Mail DOROTHY BROWN 2420 - Served By Publication 2421 - Served By Publication CIRCUIT CLERK Summons - Alias Summons (06/28/18) CCG 0001 COOK COUNTY, IL 2019CH13251 FILED DATE: 1/7/2020 3:25 PM 2019CH13251 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS 7979146 MARTIN RAGSDALE, on behalf of a class, 2019-CH-13251 (Name all parties) Case No. Corporation Service Company 251 Little Falls Drive AMAZON WEB SERVICES, INC. Wilmington, DE 19808 ✓ SUMMONS ☐ ALIAS SUMMONS To each Defendant: YOU ARE SUMMONED and required to file an answer to the complaint in this case, a copy of which is hereto attached, or otherwise file your appearance and pay the required fee within thirty (30) days after service of this Summons, not counting the day of service. To file your answer or appearance you need access to the internet. Please visit www.cookcountvelerkofcourt.org to initiate this process. Kiosks with internet access are available at all Clerk's Office locations. Please refer to the last page of this document for location information. If you fail to do so, a judgment by default may be entered against you for the relief requested in the complaint. To the Officer: This Summons must be returned by the officer or other person to whom it was given for service, with endorsement of service and fees, if any, immediately after service. If service cannot be made, this Summons shall be returned so endorsed. This Summons may not be served later than thirty (30) days after its date. E-filing is now mandatory for documents in civil cases with limited exemptions. To e-file, you must first create an account with an e-filing service provider. Visit https://efile.illinoiscourts.gov/service-providers.htm to learn more and to select a service provider. If you need additional help or have trouble e-filing, visit http://www.illinoiscourts.gov/FAQ/gethelp.asp. 1/7/2020 3:25 PM DOROTHY BROWN Witness:

Atty. No.: 56618 DOROTHY BI Court Atty Name: Jad Sheikali Date of Service: Atty. for: Plaintiff (To be inserted by officer on copy left with Defendant Address: 55 West Wacker Drive, 9th Fl. or other person): City: Chicago Π State: Zip: _60601 312-893-7002 Telephone: jsheikali@mcgpc.com Primary Email: Secondary Email: dgerbie@incgpc.com Tertiary Email: emeyers@mcgpc.com

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY OFFICE LOCATIONS

- C Richard J Daley Center 50 W Washington Chicago, IL 60602
- O District 2 Skokie 5600 Old Orchard Rd Skokie, IL 60077
- District 3 Rolling Meadows
 2121 Euclid
 Rolling Meadows, IL 60008
- C District 4 Maywood 1500 Maybrook Ave Maywood, IL 60153
- O District 5 Bridgeview 10220 S 76th Ave Bridgeview, IL 60455
- O District 6 Markham 16501 S Kedzie Pkwy Markham, IL 60428
- C Domestic Violence Court 555 W Harrison Chicago, IL 60607
- O Juvenile Center Building 2245 W Ogden Ave, Rm 13 Chicago, IL 60602
- O Criminal Court Building 2650 S California Ave, Rm 526 Chicago, IL 60608

Daley Center Divisions/Departments

- O Civil Division
 Richard J Daley Center
 50 W Washington, Rm 601
 Chicago, IL 60602
 Hours: 8:30 am 4:30 pm
- © Chancery Division
 Richard J Daley Center
 50 W Washington, Rm 802
 Chicago, IL 60602
 Hours: 8:30 am 4:30 pm

- O Domestic Relations Division Richard J Daley Center 50 W Washington, Rm 802 Chicago, IL 60602 Hours: 8:30 am - 4:30 pm
- Civil Appeals
 Richard J Daley Center
 50 W Washington, Rm 801
 Chicago, IL 60602
 Hours: 8:30 am 4:30 pm
- O Criminal Department Richard J Daley Center 50 W Washington, Rm 1006 Chicago, IL 60602 Hours: 8:30 am - 4:30 pm
- O County Division
 Richard J Daley Center
 50 W Washington, Rm 1202
 Chicago, IL 60602
 Hours: 8:30 am 4:30 pm
- O Probate Division
 Richard J Daley Center
 50 W Washington, Rm 1202
 Chicago, IL 60602
 Hours: 8:30 am 4:30 pm
- O Law Division
 Richard J Daley Center
 50 W Washington, Rm 801
 Chicago, IL 60602
 Hours: 8:30 am 4:30 pm
- O Traffic Division
 Richard J Daley Center
 50 W Washington, Lower Level
 Chicago, IL 60602
 Hours: 8:30 am 4:30 pm

Case: 1:20-cv-00560 Document #: 1-1 Filed: 01/24/20 Page 5 of 14 PageID #:12

Return Date: No return date scheduled 12-Person Jury

Hearing Date: 3/16/2020 9:30 AM - 9:30 AM

Courtroom Number: 2308 Location: District 1 Court Cook County, IL FILED 11/15/2019 7:22 AM DOROTHY BROWN CIRCUIT CLERK

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINO GOOK COUNTY, IL COUNTY DEPARTMENT, CHANCERY DIVISION 2019CH13251

MARTIN RAGSDALE, individually and	7376791
on behalf of similarly situated individuals,) No. 2019CH13251
Plaintiff,)
V.) Hon.)
) Jury Trial Demanded
AMAZON WEB SERVICES, INC., a Delaware corporation.	
Defendant.)))

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff Martin Ragsdale ("Plaintiff"), individually and on behalf of other similarly situated individuals, brings this Class Action Complaint against Defendant Amazon Web Services, Inc. ("Defendant") for its violations of the Illinois Biometric Information Privacy Act, 740 ILCS 14/1, et seq. ("BIPA"). Plaintiff alleges as follows based on personal knowledge as to his own acts and experiences, and as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including an investigation conducted by his attorneys.

INTRODUCTION

- BIPA defines a "biometric identifier" as any personal feature that is unique to an individual, including fingerprints and hand geometry. "Biometric information" is any information based on a biometric identifier, regardless of how it is converted or stored. 740 ILCS 14/10. Collectively, biometric identifiers and biometric information are known as "biometrics."
- 2. Defendant is a leading cloud provider in the United States, offering its customers the ability to store their data, access their data remotely, and create back-up copies of their data.

- 3. Defendant stores a myriad of types of data on behalf of a wide range of customers spanning virtually every industry sector.
- 4. Notably, Defendant also offers cloud storage services for businesses that handle biometric identifiers and biometric information. For example, some of Defendant's customers are commercial businesses that require their employees to provide their biometrics, e.g. fingerprints, to check in and out of their shifts at work. In such a scenario, Defendant stores data and information that is generated as a result of the capture, collection, and processing of biometric identifiers. This information is considered "biometric information" subject to regulation under BIPA.
- 5. Indeed, BIPA not only regulates the conduct of entities that capture and collect biometric identifiers, such as many of Defendant's commercial customers, but also of entities that store data and information derived from those biometric identifiers, like Defendant.
- 6. BIPA provides, *inter alia*, that private entities, such as Defendant, may not store an individual's biometric identifiers, such as fingerprints and hand scans, or any biometric information, including any data regardless of the manner from which it was converted, or is converted or stored, unless they first:
 - a. inform that person in writing that biometric identifiers or biometric information will be stored;
 - b. inform that person in writing of the specific purpose and the length of term for which such biometric identifiers or biometric information is being stored; and
 - c. receive a written release from the person for the storage of their biometric identifiers or biometric information.

740 ILCS 14/15(b)(1)-(3).

- 7. BIPA also requires private entities in possession of biometric information to develop a publicly available written policy outlining their biometric data storage and destruction policies. 750 ILCS 14/15(a).
- 8. Despite obtaining, storing, and possessing biometric information of thousands of Illinois residents, including Plaintiff's biometrics, on behalf of scores of its customers. Defendant failed to comply with BIPA.
- 9. Plaintiff brings this action for statutory damages and other remedies as a result of Defendant's conduct in violating his biometric privacy rights under BIPA.
- 10. Compliance with BIPA is straightforward and minimally burdensome. For example, the necessary disclosures may be accomplished through a single sheet of paper or through a prominently featured notice affixed to a biometric-enabled device.
- 11. BIPA's requirements bestow a right to privacy in biometrics and a right to make an *informed* decision when electing whether to provide or withhold biometrics.
- 12. The deprivation of the statutory rights conferred by BIPA constitutes the actual injuries the Illinois Legislature sought to prevent.
- 13. On behalf of himself and the proposed Class and Subclass defined below, Plaintiff seeks an injunction requiring Defendant to comply with BIPA, as well as an award of statutory damages to the Class members and monetary damages to be determined at trial, together with costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.

PARTIES

14. Defendant Amazon Web Services, Inc., is a Delaware corporation that conducts, and is licensed by the Illinois Secretary of State to conduct business throughout Illinois and in

Cook County. Defendant transacts business throughout the State and intentionally seeks to transact with Illinois residents.

15. At all relevant times, Plaintiff Martin Ragsdale has been a resident and citizen of the state of Illinois.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 16. This Court may assert personal jurisdiction over Defendant pursuant to 735 ILCS 5/2-209 in accordance with the Illinois Constitution and the Constitution of the United States, because Defendant is doing business within this state and because Plaintiff's claims arise out of Defendant's unlawful in-state actions.
- 17. Venue is proper in Cook County, Illinois pursuant to 735 ILCS 5/2-101, because Defendant is doing business in Cook County, Illinois, and thus resides there under § 2-102, and because the transaction out of which this cause of action arises occurred in Cook County.

FACTS SPECIFIC TO PLAINTIFF

- 18. In order to store the same on its cloud servers on behalf of its commercial customers, Defendant obtained and possessed data and information, and/or portions of data and information, that were derived from Plaintiff's biometric identifiers, i.e. Defendant obtained and stored Plaintiff's biometric information. Such information would not exist absent the capture and collection of Plaintiff's biometric identifiers by Defendant's customers and Defendant's subsequent possession and storage of the same.
- 19. After its commercial customers capture and collect the biometric identifiers of individuals such as Plaintiff, Defendant stores biometric information that is derived from such biometric identifiers in a multitude of digitally converted formats.

- 20. On information and belief, Defendant has custody and control of the biometric information that it obtains and stores on its cloud servers. Defendant converts this information into usable formats and mediums for its customers.
- 21. Despite possessing Plaintiff's biometric information, Defendant has failed to implement a publicly available biometric data retention and destruction policy as required by Section 15(a) of BIPA.
- 22. Further, despite obtaining and subsequently storing Plaintiff's biometric information, Defendant failed to inform Plaintiff of the length of time and purpose for which it was storing his biometrics, nor did Defendant obtain Plaintiff's informed written consent prior to obtaining and storing his biometrics, all in violation of Section 15(b) of BIPA.
- 23. By failing to comply with BIPA, Defendant has violated Plaintiff's substantive state rights to biometric privacy.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

24. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and a class of similarly situated individuals pursuant to 735 ILCS § 5/2-801. Plaintiff seeks to represent a Class and Subclass (unless otherwise noted, "Class") defined as follows:

Class: All residents of the state of Illinois whose biometric identifiers or biometric information was stored by Defendant on behalf of a third-party at any time within the applicable limitations period.

- 25. Excluded from the Class are any members of the judiciary assigned to preside over this matter; any officer or director of Defendant; and any immediate family member of such officer or director.
- 26. There are at least thousands, if not hundreds of thousands, of members of the Class, making the members of the Class so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.

Although the exact number of members of the Class is currently unknown to Plaintiff, the members can be easily identified through Defendant's records.

- 27. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class he seeks to represent, because the bases of Defendant's liability to Plaintiff and the Class is substantially the same, and because Defendant's conduct has resulted in similar injuries to Plaintiff and to the Class.
- 28. There are many questions of law and fact common to the claims of Plaintiff and the Class, and those questions predominate over any questions that may affect individual members of the Class. Common questions for the Class include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Whether Defendant stores data or information that is derived or based on biometric identifiers:
 - Whether Defendant made available to the public a written policy that establishes a
 retention schedule and guidelines for destroying biometric identifiers or biometric
 information;
 - c. Whether Defendant's conduct violates BIPA;
 - d. Whether Defendant's BIPA violations are willful or reckless; and
 - e. Whether Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to damages and injunctive relief.
- 29. Absent a class action, most members of the Class would find the cost of litigating their claims to be prohibitively expensive and would thus have no effective remedy. The class treatment of common questions of law and fact is superior to multiple individual actions or piecemeal litigation in that it conserves the resources of the courts and the litigants and promotes consistency and efficiency of adjudication.
- 30. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the other members of the Class he seeks to represent. Plaintiff has retained counsel with substantial

experience in prosecuting complex litigation and class actions. Plaintiff and his counsel are committed to vigorously prosecuting this action on behalf of the other members of the Class and have the financial resources to do so. Neither Plaintiff nor his counsel has any interest adverse to those of the other members of the Class.

31. Defendant has acted and failed to act on grounds generally applicable to the Plaintiff and the other members of the Class, requiring the Court's imposition of uniform relief to ensure compatible standards of conduct toward the members of the Class and making injunctive or corresponding declaratory relief appropriate for the Class as a whole.

COUNT I

Violations of the Illinois Biometric Information Privacy Act, 740 ILCS 14/15(a) (On behalf of Plaintiff and the Class and against Defendant)

- 32. Plaintiff incorporates the foregoing allegations as if fully set forth herein.
- 33. Defendant is a private entity under BIPA. 740 ILCS 14/10.
- 34. Section 15(a) of BIPA provides that private entities in possession of biometric information must develop a publicly available biometric data retention and destruction policy.
- 35. As discussed herein, Defendant obtains and stores biometric information on behalf of its customers, and Defendant obtained and stored Plaintiff's biometric information. Thus, Defendant necessarily, even if temporarily, possessed Plaintiff's biometric information in order to store the same and make the same available for remote and third-party access to its customers.
- 36. On information and belief, Defendant maintains custody and control of the biometric information it possesses on its servers.
- 37. Despite obtaining Plaintiff's biometric information and in violation of Section 15(a) of BIPA, Defendant failed to develop and make publicly available a biometric data retention and destruction policy.

- 38. Thus, Defendant violated Section 15(a) of BIPA and, in doing so, has violated Plaintiff's substantive state rights to biometric privacy
- 39. BIPA provides for statutory damages of \$5,000 for each willful and/or reckless violation of BIPA and, alternatively, damages of \$1,000 for each negligent violation of BIPA. 740 ILCS 14/20(1)-(2).
- 40. Defendant's violations of Section 15(a) of BIPA, as set forth herein, were knowing and willful, or were at least in reckless disregard of the statutory requirements. Alternatively, Defendant negligently failed to comply with Section 15(a) BIPA.
- 41. Accordingly, with respect to Count I, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the proposed Class, prays for the relief set forth below, including statutory damages for each of Defendant's violations of Section 15(a) of BIPA.

COUNT II

Violations of the Illinois Biometric Information Privacy Act, 740 ILCS 14/15(b) (On behalf of Plaintiff and the Class and against Defendant)

- 42. Plaintiff hereby incorporates the foregoing allegations as if fully set forth herein.
- 43. Defendant is a private entity under BIPA. 740 ILCS 14/10.
- 44. Section 15(b) of BIPA provides that private entities may not store an individual's biometric information unless they first inform the individual of the purpose and length of time for which such biometric information is being stored and obtain such individual's written consent.
- 45. As discussed herein, Defendant obtains and stores biometric information on behalf of its customers, and Defendant obtained Plaintiff's biometric information, in order to store the same and make the same available for remote and third-party access.
- 46. On information and belief, Defendant maintains custody and control of the biometric information it stores on its servers.

- 47. Despite storing Plaintiff's biometric information and in violation of Section 15(b) of BIPA, Defendant failed to provide Plaintiff with any notice concerning the purpose for which his biometric information was being stored by Defendant, the length of time for which Defendant planned to store his biometric information, or when Defendant planned to delete his biometric information, nor did Defendant obtained Plaintiff's written consent before storing his biometric information.
- 48. Thus, Defendant violated Section 15(b) of BIPA and, in doing so, has violated Plaintiff's substantive state rights to biometric privacy.
- 49. BIPA provides for statutory damages of \$5,000 for each willful and/or reckless violation of BIPA and, alternatively, damages of \$1,000 for each negligent violation of BIPA. 740 ILCS 14/20(1)-(2).
- 50. Defendant's violations of Section 15(b) of BIPA, as set forth herein, were knowing and willful, or were at least in reckless disregard of the statutory requirements. Alternatively, Defendant negligently failed to comply with Section 15(b) BIPA.
- 51. Accordingly, with respect to Count II, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the proposed Class, prays for the relief set forth below, including statutory damages for each of Defendant's violations of Section 15(b) of BIPA.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the proposed Class, respectfully requests that this Court enter an Order:

a. Certifying the Class as defined above, appointing Plaintiff as class representative and the undersigned as class counsel;

- b. Declaring that Defendant's actions, as set forth herein, violate Sections 15(a) and 15(b) of BIPA;
- c. Awarding injunctive and equitable relief as necessary to protect the interests of Plaintiff and the Class by requiring Defendant to comply with BIPA;
- d. Awarding statutory damages of \$5,000 for each willful and/or reckless violation of BIPA, pursuant to 740 ILCS 14/20(2);
- e. Awarding statutory damages of \$1,000 for each negligent violation of BIPA, pursuant to 740 ILCS 14/20(1);
- f. Awarding reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and other litigation expenses pursuant to 740 ILCS 14/20(3);
- g. Awarding pre- and post-judgment interest, as allowable by law; and
- h. Awarding such further and other relief as the Court deems just and equitable.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff requests trial by jury of all claims that can be so tried.

Dated: November 15, 2019 Respectfully Submitted,

MARTIN RAGSDALE, individually and on behalf of a class of similarly situated individuals

By: /s/ Jad Sheikali

One of Plaintiff's Attorneys

Jad Sheikali
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